

## 1.—Estimate of Standing Timber, by Type and Size and by Province and Region, 1958

Province and Region	Conifers			Broadleaved			Totals		
	Large Material <sup>1</sup>	Smaller Material <sup>2</sup>	Total	Large Material <sup>1</sup>	Smaller Material <sup>2</sup>	Total	Large Material <sup>1</sup>	Smaller Material <sup>2</sup>	Total
Accessible	Million cu. ft.	'000 cords	Million cu. ft.	Million cu. ft.	'000 cords	Million cu. ft.	Million cu. ft.	'000 cords	Million cu. ft.
Newfoundland.....	2,290	128,885	13,245	291	3,613	599	2,581	132,498	13,844
Labrador.....	1,101	63,348	6,485	83	2,185	270	1,184	65,533	6,755
Island.....	1,189	65,537	6,760	208	1,428	329	1,397	66,965	7,089
Prince Edward Island.....	43	668	100	10	455	48	53	1,123	148
Nova Scotia.....	1,606	37,965	4,832	1,141	15,677	2,475	2,747	53,642	7,307
New Brunswick.....	4,299	89,977	11,947	2,652	26,694	4,921	6,951	116,671	16,868
<b>TOTALS, ATLANTIC PROVINCES.....</b>	<b>8,238</b>	<b>257,495</b>	<b>30,124</b>	<b>4,094</b>	<b>46,439</b>	<b>8,043</b>	<b>12,332</b>	<b>303,934</b>	<b>38,167</b>
Ontario.....	7,035	437,685	44,239	2,504	172,744	17,187	9,539	610,429	61,426
Quebec.....	16,140	438,771	53,436	15,672	171,242	30,227	31,812	610,013	83,663
<b>TOTALS, CENTRAL PROVINCES.....</b>	<b>23,175</b>	<b>876,456</b>	<b>97,675</b>	<b>18,176</b>	<b>343,986</b>	<b>47,414</b>	<b>41,351</b>	<b>1,220,442</b>	<b>145,089</b>
Manitoba.....	987	55,530	5,707	919	18,727	2,511	1,906	74,257	8,218
Saskatchewan.....	1,122	52,567	5,591	1,952	50,505	6,244	3,074	103,072	11,835
Alberta.....	12,767	200,913	29,844	12,265	136,220	23,844	25,032	337,133	53,688
<b>TOTALS, PRAIRIE PROVINCES.....</b>	<b>14,876</b>	<b>309,010</b>	<b>41,142</b>	<b>15,136</b>	<b>205,452</b>	<b>32,599</b>	<b>30,012</b>	<b>514,462</b>	<b>73,741</b>
British Columbia.....	244,265	677,754	301,874	13,228	60,284	18,352	257,493	738,038	320,226
Northwest Territories.....	400	36,000	3,460	360	18,500	1,932	760	54,500	5,392
Yukon Territory.....	400	25,500	2,567	70	6,300	606	470	31,800	3,173
<b>Totals, Accessible.....</b>	<b>291,354</b>	<b>2,182,215</b>	<b>476,842</b>	<b>51,064</b>	<b>630,961</b>	<b>108,946</b>	<b>342,418</b>	<b>2,863,176</b>	<b>585,788</b>
<b>Totals, Potentially Accessible.....</b>	<b>49,323</b>	<b>279,131</b>	<b>73,050</b>	<b>1,424</b>	<b>57,232</b>	<b>6,288</b>	<b>50,747</b>	<b>336,363</b>	<b>79,338</b>
<b>Canada.....</b>	<b>340,677</b>	<b>2,461,346</b>	<b>549,892</b>	<b>52,488</b>	<b>738,193</b>	<b>115,234</b>	<b>393,165</b>	<b>3,199,539</b>	<b>665,126</b>

<sup>1</sup> Ten inches D.B.H. and over (suitable for saw timber).<sup>2</sup> Four to nine inches D.B.H. (units of 85 cu. feet).

**Tenure of Forest Land.**—Corporations and private individuals own 10 p.c. of the productive forest land of Canada and 90 p.c. is in the possession of the Crown in the right of the federal or the provincial governments. Rights to cut Crown timber under lease or licence have been granted on 20 p.c. of the productive forest land; the remainder comprises unalienated productive forest areas and small areas of logged lands that have reverted to the Crown.

Woodlots on the 575,000 farms across Canada comprise about 5 p.c. of the total accessible productive forest. These small wooded tracts ranging in size from three or four acres to 200 or more acres are among the most accessible forests in Canada. Further, the woodlots of Eastern Canada are, in general, highly productive because they lie in the southern parts of the country and frequently occupy soils that are considerably higher in quality than those typical of the northern forests.